

Standard access flooring versus raised access flooring installation methods

Standard access flooring	Low profile raised access flooring (LPC flooring)
<p>Specialist expertise required: Standard access flooring requires professional knowledge to organise the distribution of cables, vents, wires and equipment.</p>	<p>Simple: On the other hand, raised access flooring requires no specialist knowledge or expertise to install or modify at a later date.</p>
<p>Time consuming: Installing standard access flooring is a much lengthier process, significantly increasing the time taken to complete your project.</p>	<p>Fast: LPC flooring installation requires no invasive trenching or coring and follows the natural contours of the floor, saving you weeks of time on your project.</p>
<p>Expensive: Due to the expertise needed to install the flooring and time lost from using this slower method, standard access flooring is a significantly more expensive option.</p>	<p>Cost-effective: Costs are much lower with this simple solution and project time is reduced, allowing your building to be occupied faster, saving you time and money.</p>
<p>Harder to access: Once installation is complete it becomes challenging and messy to make any further alterations.</p>	<p>Easy to access: Making changes to the cable or wiring system is simple and mess-free. You can work on one section of the floor without disturbing the entire area.</p>
<p>Less space: With standard access floors, there is less space between the floor and ceiling and less flexibility on where you position ducts, vents and electrics.</p>	<p>More free space: With low profile raised access floors, you have space to accommodate wires, lighting, cables and anything else that needs to go under the floors.</p>
<p>Not reusable: With standard access flooring, should you move to a new building, you are unable to take the floor with you.</p>	<p>Reusable: LPC flooring is a long-term investment. Should you need to move offices in the future, you can take the flooring with you!</p>